

TESTING STAGE / PREDICTION PHASE: 1. VULNERABILITY MAPPING

The vulnerability map for the prediction phase of testing is based on the situation at the start of the Confirmation Period (CNF). This is the only difference from the previous vulnerability map which was based on the situation at the start of the Calibration Period (CAL).

The inputs here will vary depending upon whether the vulnerability map is to be based on the benchmark model or an alternative (both types will eventually be needed). The benchmark is based on a map of distance from the forest edge (non-forest). Alternative models should be based on transition potentials – maps with continuous values from 0.0 (no potential) to 1.0 (highest potential).

The result is a map with 30 non-zero classes, with 30 being the highest vulnerability.

Note that in the case of the Benchmark procedure, the NRT establishes the boundary between vulnerability class 1 and class 2. Class 0 is reserved for areas outside the jurisdiction and for areas excluded from consideration such as planned forest concessions.

INPUTS: BENCHMARK MODEL

WORKING FOLDER

The computer folder where inputs are expected and outputs are written.

MAP OF DISTANCE FROM THE FOREST EDGE IN THE CNF

A map of Euclidian distance from non-forest at the start of the Confirmation Period (CNF), expressed in meters. **Important:** Be especially careful to avoid map errors which cause small inclusions of non-forest in areas that are actually forest. These can cause substantial problems with the resulting distance map. Where appropriate, apply an area (sieve) filter to remove these errors beforehand (see the general instructions on the Start Page for suggestions).

NEGLIGIBLE RISK THRESHOLD (NRT) IN THE HRP

Use the same value for the NRT previously determined in the fitting phase.

INPUTS: ALTERNATIVE MODELS

WORKING FOLDER

The computer folder where inputs are expected and outputs are written.

EMPIRICAL TRANSITION POTENTIAL [0,1] FOR THE CNF

A map of the potential to transition from forest to non-forest in the Confirmation Period (CNF). Transition potentials are expressed on a 0.0-1.0 continuous scale.

MASK OF THE NON-EXCLUDED JURISDICTION

This is a binary map (contains 0's and 1's) where the 1's indicate areas inside the jurisdiction and suitable for consideration. Areas that are to be excluded from consideration (such as planned forestry concessions) should be marked with 0's. Note that maps with 1's and NAN's are not equivalent. All binary maps must be 1's and 0's with this tool.

MASK OF FOREST AREAS IN THE CNF

This is a binary map (contains 0's and 1's) where the 1's indicate areas forest areas at the start of the Confirmation Period (CAL).

OUTPUT (EITHER MODEL)

NAME OF THE VULNERABILITY MAP FOR THE CNF

This is the output vulnerability map name that should be used. Be sure to specify the desired file extension.